REVISION 3

Year 11 Examination

Question/Answer Booklet

MATHEMATICS METHODS UNITS 1 AND 2

Section One: Calculator-free

Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: five minutes Working time for this section: fifty minutes

Materials required/recommended for this section

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer Booklet Formula Sheet

To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener,

correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: nil

Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

Section One: Calculator-free

35% (51 Marks)

This section has **nine (9)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time for this section is 50 minutes.

Question 1 (4 marks)

A box contains a total of 500 marker and highlighter pens of various colours, as shown in the table. Some of the marker pens are permanent and the rest are non-permanent.

	Colour			
Type of pen	Black	Yellow	Pink	Green
Permanent marker	55	83	40	24
Non-permanent marker	45	67	24	12
Highlighter	0	50	46	54

A pen	is selected at random from the box. Determine the probability that it is	
(a)	a yellow pen.	(1 mark)
(b)	a marker pen.	(1 mark)
(c)	a yellow pen or a marker pen.	(1 mark)
(d)	a green pen, given that it is a highlighter.	(1 mark)

(a) Evaluate $\frac{m^{0.5}}{n^2}$ when $m=4\times 10^6$ and $n=5\times 10^2$, writing your answer without the use of scientific notation. (3 marks)

(b) Determine the value of x when $4^x = 32\sqrt{2}$.

(3 marks)

Solve each equation below for x.

(a)
$$\frac{3x}{x-5} = \frac{2}{3}$$
.

(2 marks)

(b)
$$(x+3)(x-3) = 8x$$
.

(3 marks)

(c)
$$\sqrt{2}\sin x + 1 = 0$$
, $0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$.

(2 marks)

(a) A and B are independent events such that $P(A) = \frac{2}{3}$ and $P(B) = \frac{1}{4}$. Determine

(i) $P(A \cap B)$. (1 mark)

(ii) P(B|A). (1 mark)

(iii) $P(A \cup B)$. (2 marks)

(b) A number is selected at random from the set of positive integers. Event *P* occurs when the number is odd, event *Q* occurs when the number is a multiple of five and event *R* occurs when the number is a perfect square. Determine the smallest number that belongs to the following sets:

(i) $\bar{P} \cap (Q \cup R)$. (1 mark)

(ii) $\bar{P} \cap Q \cap R$. (1 mark)

(a) Expand $(x + 1)^4$.

(2 marks)

(b) Determine the gradient of the curve $y = (x + 1)^4$ at the point (-2, 1).

(2 marks)

Question 6 (5 marks)

Determine the gradient of the curve $y = x^2 + 4x - 45$ at the point(s) where it crosses the *x*-axis.

Question	7

(7 marks)

(a) Determine the coefficient of the n^3 term in the expansion of $(3n-1)^5$.

(3 marks)

- (b) Consider the equation $x^3 7x^2 + 36 = 0$.
 - (i) Show that x = 3 is a solution of the equation.

(1 mark)

(ii) Determine all other solutions.

(3 marks)

Question 8 (4 marks)

The line segment between the points A(3,2) and B(3,-4) is the diameter of a circle.

Determine the equation of circle in the form $x^2 + ax + y^2 + by = c$, where a, b and c are constants.

Question 9

(8 marks)

(a) Simplify $(2t - 5\sqrt{t})(2t + 5\sqrt{t})$.

(2 marks)

(b) Solve the equation $9^{2x} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{81}$ for x.

(3 marks)

(c) Sketch the graph of $y = 2^{(2-x)}$ on the axes below.

(3 marks)

